(i) Printed Pages: 4]

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(ii) Questions : 8]

Sub. Code : 0 0 4 3

Exam. Code : 0 0 0 1

B.A./B.Sc. (General) 1st Semester Examination

1127

MATHEMATICS (Plane Geometry) Paper : I

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 30

Note:— Attempt *five* questions in all, selecting at least *two* questions from each Section.

Section-I

- 1. (a) Find the transformed equation of $17x^2 16xy + 17y^2 225 = 0$ when the axes are rotated through an angle of 45° .
 - (b) Show that if $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 = 1$ and $a'x^2 + 2h'xy + b'y^2 = 1$ represent the same conic and axes are rectangular, then $(a b)^2 + 4h^2 = (a' b')^2 + 4h'^2$.

3,3

NA-17

(1)

Turn Over

- 2. (a) Prove that the angle between the lines joining the origin to the points of intersection of the straight line y = 3x + 2 with the curve $x^2 + 2xy + 3y^2 + 4x + 8y 11 = 0$ is $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}\right)$.
 - (b) If p_1 , p_2 be the lengths of perpendiculars drawn from point (-1, 2) to the pair of lines $2x^2 5xy + 2y^2 + 3x 3y + 1 = 0$, then prove that $p_1p_2 = \frac{12}{5}$.
- 3. (a) Find the equation of circle which passes through the point (2, 0) and touches the straight line x + 2y 1 = 0 at the point (3, -1).
 - (b) The line 2x y = 4 meets the circle $x^2 + y^2 6x + 2y + 2 = 0$ at the points P and Q. If the tangents at P and Q meet at R. Find the coordinates of R.
- 4. (a) Find the equation of the circle which passes through the origin and cuts orthogonally each of the circles $x^2 + y^2 8x + 12 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 4x 6y 3 = 0$.

(2)

3,3

(b) Find the limiting points of the co-axial system determined by the circles $x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 6y + 4 = 0$, $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 4y + 3 = 0$. 3,3

Section-II

- 5. (a) Prove that the locus of points such that two of the three normal from them to parabola $y^2 = 4ax$, coincide is $27ay^2 = 4(x 2a)^3$.
 - (b) Find the locus of poles of normal chord of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$.
- 6. (a) Prove that the locus of the foot of the perpendicular from the focus on any tangent to a parabola is the tangent at the vertex.
 - (b) If the normal at any point P of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ meets the major axes in G, find the locus of mid-point of the chord PG. 3,3
- 7. (a) Find the lengths of the semi-diameter conjugate to the diameter y = 3x of the ellipse $ax^2 + 4y^2 = 36$.

NA-17

(3)

Turn Over

- (b) Find the asymptotes to the hyperbola $3x^2 5xy 2y^2 + 5x + 11y 8 = 0$. Also find the equation of its conjugate hyperbola. 3,3
- 8. (a) If e and e' be the eccentricities of the hyperbolas $\frac{x^2}{a^2} \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1 \text{ and } \frac{x^2}{b^2} \frac{y^2}{a^2} = 1 \text{ respectively,}$ then prove that $\frac{1}{e^2} + \frac{1}{e'^2} = 1$.
 - (b) Identify the curve $x^2 4xy + 4y^2 32x + 4y + 16 = 0$. Find its latus rectum, focus and directrix.

NA-17

(4)

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